



Index  
to  
Series of Taped Interviews  
with  
Captain Phil H. Bucklew, USN (Ret.)

USS ALMAC (AKA); takes on commando survivors from the  
LEEDSTOWN, p. 42;

AMOY, China: destination of Bucklew on his long trip through  
the mountains disguised as a coolie, p. 132;  
proposed raid on island of Amoy, p.  
148 ff;

AMPHIBIOUS COMMANDOS: Bucklew joins nine others in special  
training at Patuxent, p. 34 ff;

AMPHIBIOUS GROUP ONE: Bucklew reports to staff (June, 1961)  
in San Diego, p. 290 ff; Public Relations visit to  
State of Washington, p. 291-2; a joint amphibious  
operation with army near Seattle - need to avoid  
conflict with salmon commercial fishing, p. 292-3;  
transfer to far Pacific with homeport in Subic  
Bay, p. 293; amphibious operations on Taiwan, p.  
300-304; an amphibious operation with the  
Filipinos, p. 304 ff; planning for evacuation of  
American citizens from Indonesia, p. 305-6; p.  
311-13; Bucklew detached and returns to Coronado  
as Exec of the Amphibious Base, p. 315; p. 318;

AMPHIBIOUS TRAINING COMMAND - CORONADO: Bucklew reports in  
1958 as officer in charge of Amphibious  
Intelligence School, p. 280-290; p. 298-300;

ATHLETICS: Bucklew's participation after graduation from  
Xavier, p. 13 ff; two years with Cleveland Rams,  
p. 13; Cincinnati Bengals, p. 13; forms a new team  
in Columbus, Ohio - the American League, p. 14-16;  
barnstorming tour of the West Coast- the Los  
Angeles game of Dec. 7, 1941 - entire team  
enlists, p. 20; after WW II Bucklew returns to  
Xavier, p. 21; on to Columbia University and work  
with Lou Little, p. 24 ff;

BEACH JUMPERS: p. 381-3;

BEACH JUMPER UNIT II: Bucklew goes to Little Creek, Va. to  
take command of this new unit (1951-56), p. 197  
ff; p. 204; commissioning, p. 205; early  
struggles, p. 206-8; electronic interference  
exercises, p. 210-11; test and evaluation efforts  
with various types of craft, p. 213-14;  
cooperation with UDTs, p. 219-20; BJUs maintain in  
training a physical conditioning program, p. 221-  
2;

BIZERTE: Conolly headquarters for Sicily and Naples operations.  
See entries under:  
*CONOLLY, Admiral Richard* and  
*SICILY*  
and  
*SALERNO*

BLOUIN, VADM Francis Joseph (Champ): p. 310; relieves Adm. Hooper in  
command of Amphibious Group 1, p. 310 ff;

BOAT SUPPORT GROUP: p. 380-1; also see entries under:  
*SPECIAL OPERATIONS GROUP*

BRISCOE, Admiral Robert P.: ComPhibLant at Little Creek, p. 197; his  
ideas about electronic warfare, p. 200; p. 212;

BRITISH INTELLIGENCE WORK AND TECHNIQUES: p. 101-2;

BUCKLEW, Captain Phil H.: family background - early interest  
in athletics, p. 1-6; the incident that convinced him to  
apply for a commission in the navy, p. 39;

BUCKLEW REPORT: name given report of the special group sent to  
Vietnam to study developments and make recommendations; see  
entries under:  
*VIETNAM* and  
*SPECIAL OPERATIONS GROUP* and  
*ADMIRAL H. D. FELT*

CHINA THEATER: Bucklew and his small group of Volunteers enroute  
to Adm. Miles in Chungking, p. 125 ff;  
see other entries:  
*MILES, VADM Milton E.* and  
*SHANGHAI*  
and  
*WEDEMEYER, Gen. Albert C.* and  
*TAI LI, General*

CHUNGKING: The Scouts go to Chungking, headquarters of Admiral  
Miles, p. 145; p. 149;

CIA - in KOREA: p. 436-8;  
see entries under:  
*KOREA*  
and  
*TAYLOR, VADM Rufus* and  
*NAVAL ADVISORY GROUP KOREA* and  
*KIM SE WON - Captain*

CLARK, General Mark: p. 69; p. 74;

CONOLLY, Admiral Richard (ComLanCrabNav): Bucklew assigned to  
his staff, p. 54; insists that Bucklew's men should be  
trained in the Mediterranean, p. 56-7; Conolly pleads  
against withdrawal at Salerno, p. 69; p. 73; p. 76; on to

the Pacific, p. 76; Bucklew writes him in Pacific asking for a job, p. 122;

COOK, Admiral Charles: p. 185-6;

DANANG: Bucklew inspects the situation there, p. 335-6;

DEYO, VADM Morton Lyndholm: p. 108; p. 116;

DUNCAN, Admiral Charles K.: Chief of BuPers - a helo in achieving a career program for Special Warfare, p. 405;

DYER, Admiral George: p. 70-71;

EISENHOWER, General Dwight D.: President of Columbia University, p. 192-3;

FAHRION, Adm. Frank George (Spike): in command at Little Creek during most of time spent there by Bucklew, p. 29; relieves Adm. Briscoe as ComPhibLant, p. 198; p. 199; p. 209-11; p. 220;

FELT, Admiral H. D.: CincPac - special study group on Vietnam calls on him for instructions- enroute to Saigon, p. 322-3; he asks them to report back on problems, recommendations, p. 323; p. 330-; p. 347; p. 352;

FORT PIERCE, Florida: Bucklew sent there after Normandy to train Scout and Raider candidates, p. 119;

GAETA, Italy: p. 74;

GANTZ EXPEDITION: under command of Lt. Comdr. Saxe Gantz; destination of Bucklew was the Amoy area; destination of others including Gantz, other parts of coast, p. 132 ff; final recommendation of Bucklew, etc. of the coastal area as possible place for invasion, p. 134;

HALL, Admiral John Lesslie, Jr. (Jimmy): p. 96; p. 99; p. 106-7; p. 118;

HARKINS, Lt. Gen. Paul D.: p. 325; p. 330-1; p. 348;

HOLMES, Admiral Ephraim (Eph) Paul: problems with him and repairs to BJU boats, p. 215-6; in 1963 he directed Bucklew to coordinate various units into the Naval Operations Support Group, p. 218; p. 317-18; sends Bucklew to Vietnam as member of study team under RADM Paul Savidge, p. 321-2; quizzes Bucklew on the Vietnam Report (Bucklew Report), p. 352; p. 376;

HONG KONG: p. 309-10;

HOOPER, VADM Edwin B.: becomes commander, Amphibious Group One, p. 291; p. 293; p. 296; p. 308; p. 309; p. 311;

INDONESIA: p. 305-6;

ISLE OF WIGHT: training in preparation for reconnaissance of Normandy Coast, p. 82; p. 87; sand samples from the beach, p. 87-9;

JARRELL, VADM Albert E.: in command of Naval Forces Korea, p. 267; his diverse command relationships, p. 268-9;

KAI, Admiral Liu Kwan: C-in-C, Nationalist Chinese Navy, p. 299; p. 301; requests Bucklew and his wife to stop in Taiwan enroute home - as official guests of Chinese navy, p. 315-6;

KIM, Captin Se Won: Director of Naval Intelligence for the Korean Navy, p. 229 ff; p. 255-9; p. 263-6;

KIRK, Admiral Alan G.: p. 99; p. 107;

KOREA: Bucklew assigned to Korea to work with CIA, p. 224; p. 229; attached to the Naval Advisory Group in Korea, p. 229; his tour comes to end in July, 1958, p. 267; discussion of complexity of the North/South Korean problem, p. 245-250;

KOREAN NAVY: p. 262-3;

KUNMING, China: border town - supply station for U.S. Naval Group, China, p. 128; p. 131; entire group of Scouts assembled in Kunming, p. 143; p. 146;

USS LEEDSTOWN (ex-SANTA LUCIA): transport carrying landing craft for North African invasion, p. 37 ff; sunk by Germans, p. 41-2;

LITTLE, Lou: coach at Columbia University - Bucklew spends four years at Columbia working on a doctorate and coaching for Little, p. 25ff; p. 194-5; p. 197;

LITTLE CREEK: Bucklew back in the Navy in June 1951 - spends four years at Little Creek p. 29 ff;

LODGE, The Hon. Henry Cabot: U.S. Ambassador to South Vietnam - his relations with General Harkins, the MAAG, p. 325;

LST: for accounts of LST actions, performances, etc. see entries under:  
*SICILY*  
and  
*SALERNO*

McNAMARA, Robert S.: his visit to Danang - his order for SWIFT boats, p. 398-9;

MILES, VADM Milton E. (Mary): Adm. Conolly refers Bucklew to him for work in the Pacific, p. 122; his headquarters in

Chungking, p. 128; mission assigned Bucklew and his men - reconnaissance of China coast, p. 128 ff; p. 145; Miles arrives in Shanghai (after armistice) - asks Bucklew to find headquarters building, p. 155 ff; names Bucklew as billeting officer, p. 158; story of Miles and his banquet for 7th fleet officers, p. 159 ff; Bucklew's price control job, p. 162 ff; Bucklew sees Miles in Washington, p. 191-2;

MOON, RADM Don Pardee: p. 104;

MULBERRY: artificial harbor used at Normandy, p. 103-4;

NAVAL ADVISORY GROUP - Korea: p. 224; Bucklew attached, p. 229; Bucklew's mission - account of various missions and efforts against the enemy, p. 230 ff.

NAVAL OPERATIONS SUPPORT GROUP:  
see entries under:  
*SPECIAL OPERATIONS GROUP*

NAVAL RESERVE: Bucklew joins the Naval Reserve in 1930, p. 7-8;

NORMANDY: Bucklew and four others go from Bizerte to England - preparatory to NORMANDY, p. 77; Bucklew and Andreason put under command of Capt. Ted Wellings, p. 81; Bucklew sent to a British unit on Isle of Wight for reconnaissance training, p. 82; British insisted they be sent to Escape and Evasion School, p. 83-5; Bucklew and Andreason train U. S. personnel, p. 92; the first UDTs sent over, p. 94 ff; Bucklew's last operations on Normandy coast, p. 105-6; Bucklew's experience with certain personnel under his command, p. 108-11; Bucklew tells about submerged tanks, the first to land on Normandy beaches, p. 112-4; impressions of D Day on Normandy, p. 114 ff; devastation wrought by Deyo's shore bombardment, p. 116; Bucklew writes report on lessons learned at Normandy for Scout and Raiders, p. 117-119;

NROTC: Bucklew teaches in the program at Columbia University, 1950-51, p. 26 ff; p. 29 ff;

OVERLORD: Bucklew and Andreason in Falmouth - the Admiral in command shows them (Dec. 1943) the early plans for the Normandy invasion, p. 79; their reconnaissance for the training area - Slapton Sands, p. 80, p. 90-91; also: entries under:

*NORMANDY*  
and  
*ISLE OF WIGHT*

PANMUNJAM: Armistice Commission at, p. 243 ff;

PATTON, General George: a picture of him in action on the Normandy

beachhead, p. 106-7;

USS PHILADELPHIA: burns out guns in Salerno bombardment, p. 69;

HRH PRINCE PHILIP: training on the Isle of Wight (Dec. 1943),  
p. 82;

USS PUEBLO: p. 217-8;

RHEA, President Syngman: p. 250-1; p. 261;

RICKETTS, Admiral Claude V.: p. 212;

RIVERO, Admiral Horacio: his opposition to Special Operations in the  
Navy p. 202-3; p. 339;

ROCKY SHOALS: special amphibious exercise (1958) on California  
coast off San Simeon; Bucklew served on Joint Intelligence  
Staff (Army/Navy) and Adm. Speck was joint naval  
commander, p. 270 ff;

ROMMEL, General Erwin: German general at Normandy, p. 96-7;

RUGGIERI, Lt. Rocky: partner with Bucklew in China assignment, p.  
131; p. 140-41;

SACO (Sino-American Cooperation Organization): was headed by Admiral  
Miles (American component) and Gen. Tai Li (Chinese  
component), p. 142; p. 167; a summary statement on SACO,  
p. 170; p. 191;

SALERNO: the role of Scout and Rangers, p. 63 ff; story of Bucklew  
in the kayak canoe for initial landing, p. 65 ff; Adm.  
Conolly wins over Gen. Clark's attempt to withdraw - the  
day for naval bombardment of beaches and one more attempt  
at landing, p. 69 ff;

SAVIDGE, RADM Paul S.: heads study group sent to Vietnam by  
Admiral Holmes to report on conditions there, p. 321-2;  
Savidge becomes ill and brought home - Bucklew takes over,  
p. 324 ff;

SCOUT AND RAIDERS: assemble in Ft. Pierce, Florida where they set up  
a base early in 1943, p. 46 ff; Bucklew and several others  
join British Combined Operations Group at Malta to  
reconnoiter coasts of Sicily, p. 50 ff;

SEAL TEAMS - IN VIETNAM: the state of the SEALs when Bucklew  
took command, p. 361-2; requirements, training, p. 362-3;  
p. 367; the Vietnamese SEALs, p. 369-70; obtaining  
approval for SEAL operations in Vietnam - the frustrations  
and delay, p. 371-3; lessons learned through  
improvisation, p. 374-5; U.S. SEAL advisors with  
Vietnamese teams, p. 377-78; p. 393-4; p. 439;

SHANGHAI: Bucklew delegated to act as escort to General Tai Li and take him to Shanghai after Japanese surrender, p. 152 ff; immediate postwar problems in Shanghai, p. 175-192;

SICILY: Scout and Raiders - reconnoiter coasts p. 50 ff; training under Conolly command with mission to see that troops land on the assigned beaches in Sicily, p. 57; Bucklew's comments on the techniques used - the exceptionally brave Raider who stationed himself under the occupied pill-box, p. 59-60; after Sicily Raiders back to Bizerte to train for Salerno, p. 61;

SINGLAUB, Gen. Jack: p. 335-6;

SPECIAL OPERATIONS GROUP: Bucklew named by Admiral Holmes to form Special Operations Group (UDTs, SEALS, BOAT SUPPORT, etc.), p. 318; p. 321-2; Bucklew sent to Vietnam with Adm. Savidge to conduct survey, p. 321; name of group changed to Naval Operations Support Group at behest of VCNO, p. 358-9; a consolidation of five different small commands, p. 359; p. 396;

SPECIAL WARFARE AND SPECIAL OPERATIONS DIVISION of CNO: (Op. 343) Bucklew assigned as head of this office in late 1966, p. 403 ff; the development of a career program in Special Warfare, p. 403 ff; the incentives found in hazardous duty pay, p. 414; cooperation with the Marines, p. 415; cooperation with the Army, p. 416; comments on the abilities of the Italians, Israeli, British, etc. p. 418-20; the SEA LAB project, p. 423-4; Salvage and Special Operations, p. 424-5; comment on the growing importance of this type of warfare, p. 434; Special Warfare and public relations, p. 438-9; p. 440-2;

TAI LI, General: p. 142; Bucklew ordered to escort the General to Shanghai after the Japanese surrender, p. 152 ff; a thumb-nail biographical sketch of him, p. 165-6; p. 174-5;

TAIWAN: amphibious operations of Amphibious Group One, P. 300-04;

TAYLOR, VADM Rufus: p. 226; Intelligence Officer for Adm. Callahan in FE, p. 229; p. 234; p. 258; p. 295;

TONKIN GOLF: the story as told from the point of view of the SEALS, p. 368;

TORCH OPERATION: p. 39-41;

TUNNEY, Gene: his WW II program - Bucklew is enrolled, p. 32-34;

UDTs: Rangers train first contingent of UDTs to arrive from states for Normandy operation, p. 94-6; p. 112; p. 219-222; intelligence gathering in southern area of Gulf of Tonkin, p. 296; p. 380; p. 425-6; p. 428-9; p. 442;

VAN FLEET, General Janes A.: p. 228-9;

VIETNAM: Special Study Group sent by Admiral Holmes - caused by concern over infiltration of the Viet Cong, p. 322 ff; group stops in Pearl Harbor for indoctrination by Adm. Felt's staff, p. 322--23; begin study of situation in Saigon, Savidge becomes ill, Bucklew ordered to take over, p. 324 ff; reasons for the military impasse, p. 330-1; his comments on the Vietnamese Navy, p. 337-40; observations on the Cambodian border, p. 344; useful comments to the study group by an Army Intelligence Officer, p. 344-5; the SWIFT boats and the Norwegian NASTY (USS OSPREY), p. 346; comments on the personnel who comprised the group making the report and their special contributions, p. 350-1; reception of the report in Pearl Harbor and Washington, p. 352-4; Bucklew uses the term 'counter-insurgency' to delineate U.S. activity in Vietnam, p. 433; p. 446-9;

WEDEMEYER, General Albert C.: Chief of Staff to Gen. Chiang kai-chek in Shanghai, p. 160; p. 162;

WELDINGS, RADM Ted: p. 107; p. 118;

WESTMDRELAND, General Wm.: p. 331; relieves Gen. Harkins, p. 336-7;

XAVIER University: Coach Crowe persuaded Bucklew to attend, p. 6-7; completes his four years at Xavier and then coaches there, p. 12; in charge of scholarships and student funds, p. 12-13; after WW II returns to Xavier (1946), p. 21; becomes dissatisfied with pressures, etc. and goes on to Columbia University, p. 22-23;